

## Appendix 1. An Inventory of Interview Respondents

### 1-1. Interview respondents by country

<b>Country</b>	<b>Number</b>
Afghanistan	4
Kosovo	2
Sri Lanka	1
Total	6*

\* One interviewee provided information on two countries based on his experience with both of the countries.

### 1-2. Interview respondents by organization

<b>Organization</b>	<b>Number</b>
CARE	1
The Japan Center for Conflict Resolution	1
JICA	1
RedR	1
UNDP	1
World Vision	1

## Appendix 2.

### Interview Questions on Factors Affecting Armed Attack against Aid Workers\*

- Name of the Organization:
- Name and Title:

*\*Aid workers: Relief and development NGO workers and UN civilian staff, excluding the UN peacekeeping forces*

1. Some studies on violence against humanitarian workers argue that when the acceptance of humanitarian assistance is eroded by any reason, there is a greater possibility of aid personnel being victimized. In your opinion, to what degree are **aid agencies and workers in general accepted by the local population** in the country?

- local community
- the target populations
- governmental authorities
- belligerents

With a **5 point scale**, how would you rank the acceptance level?

**very low / low / moderate / high / very high**

2. Some studies on the security of aid workers focus on the practices of humanitarian organizations as certain behaviors of aid agencies can render aid workers susceptible to security threats.

2-1. How would you assess **the general security management practices of humanitarian organizations** working in the country?

- The attitude of humanitarian organizations toward staff security
- The existence of separate budget and staff for security
- The existence of security training
- The existence of security manual, protocol or meeting

With a **5 point scale**, how would you rank the quality of aid agencies' security management practices in general?

**very low / low / moderate / high / very high**

2-2. How would you **appraise the quality of performances of aid agencies** in the country?

- Professional performances / minimum standards (such as the Sphere project)
- Effectiveness of coordination among humanitarian actors

- Cultural and conflict-sensitivity of aid agencies
- Accountability and transparency
- Disparity in the standards of living between NGO field staff and the population of the communities
- Commitment and general attitude of aid workers

With a **5 point scale**, how would you rank the quality of aid agencies' performances in general?

**very low / low / moderate / high / very high**

3. One of the explanations for increasing armed assault against humanitarian workers is that aid groups are now working in a more dangerous and hostile environment than before. In the country, how would you **assess the general security level of aid agencies' working environment?**

- Dynamics of the conflict
- Prevalence of small arms and light weapons in civilian hands
- Number of armed groups (militia, terrorist group)
- Security structure or system (police or military forces) that can enforce peace and order in the country
- Crime and violence level in general

With a **5 point scale**, how would you rank the general security threat in the country?

**very low / low / moderate / high / very high**

4. Some NGOs argue that mixing of military action and humanitarian aid is a possible contributing factor to armed attacks against aid groups. How do you characterize the relationship between military and humanitarian actors? Have the roles of the **military and humanitarian aid organizations become blurred** in the country?

- Establishment of liaison arrangements
- Information sharing
- Use of military assets for humanitarian operations
- Use of armed escorts for humanitarian convoys
- Joint civil-military relief operations
- Separate military operations for relief purposes
- General conduct of humanitarian staff regarding military cooperation

With a **5 point scale**, how would you rank the extent to which the roles of military and humanitarian actors are mixed in the country?

**very low / low / moderate / high / very high**

5. Others put forward the political context of humanitarian assistance as a factor associated with humanitarian employees' deaths.

5-1. To what extent has **humanitarian assistance** of the country become **politicized**?

To what degree is humanitarian assistance used or provided to help achieve the political and strategic goals of donor countries?

Please rank the politicization level of aid with a **5 point scale**.

**Very low / low / moderate / high / very high**

5-2. How much do you think armed groups have **conflicting political or economic interests with humanitarian organizations**?

- Existence of conflicting political purposes (such as destabilization or ethnic cleansing)
- Existence of a “war economy” which prefers the perpetuating conflicts

Please rank the level of conflicts between armed groups and humanitarian agencies with a **5 point scale**.

**Very low / low / moderate / high / very high**

6. Do you have any relevant data about **the number of death among aid workers** in the country or know anyone who may have this information?